

SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXIII NO. 73

SEYMOUR, INDIANA, THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1914.

PRICE TWO CENTS

JAMES R. CURRY SUDDENLY CALLED AN EARLY HEARING

Veteran of the Civil War Fatally Stricken This Morning While at Work.

INQUEST IS HELD BY CORONER FULL TEXT OF PETITIONS

Deceased Was Seventy Years of Age Both Sides Will be Given Opportunity to Present Evidence Before Service Commission.

James R. Curry, aged seventy years, a veteran of the civil war, dropped dead about 9:30 o'clock this morning while working at the home of George Bird, on Booth street. It is supposed that his death occurred only a few minutes before his body was found.

During the morning Mr. Curry went to the Bird home to inquire about some hauling. Mr. Bird intended to have some wood moved and Mr. Curry was engaged in collecting it when he was stricken. When the body was found one finger of the right hand was lying on the fence, indicating that he had reached for a support but had died before he could call.

Coroner Dailey was notified and conducted the inquest this afternoon. It is believed that his verdict will be heart trouble. Mr. Curry had never complained of this affliction and his sudden death was a shock to his many friends.

The body was removed to Hustedt's undertaking establishment where it was prepared for burial and was taken to the family home on North Ewing street this afternoon. Mrs. Curry has been quite ill for several weeks and it was feared that the sudden death of her husband might prove serious with her.

Mr. Curry was the son of James and Nancy Curry and was born seventy years ago the eighth day of this month, near Reddington. He spent his early life in that vicinity and moved to Seymour in 1880. Because of his long residence in Redding and Jackson townships he had a wide acquaintance.

The deceased was a veteran of the civil war. He enlisted in Company K, Fifty-fifth Indiana Regiment of Volunteers on August 2, 1862, and served continuously until he received his honorable discharge on June 4, 1865. He engaged in a number of conflicts, but performed his service in the army with loyalty and patriotism.

On September 28, 1865, he was united in marriage to Miss Barbara Bradbury and to this union were born four children, only one of whom, Mrs. Carrie Lucas, of this city, survives. Besides the widow and daughter he leaves one brother, Alfred Curry, of Corning, Ark., a number of nephews and nieces and a large circle of friends.

While living at Reddington, Mr. Curry affiliated with the Christian church and was an active worker as long as he lived there. He was an industrious working man, honest in all of his business transactions and had the respect of all who knew him.

The arrangements for the funeral have not been completed.

Paint up. Clean up. For painting see F. Klosterman. Phone No. 312-R-2. a8d

BIG EATS

Fresh Country Meat For Thursday.

Head Cheese, per lb. 15c

Loose Pork Sausage, per lb. 18c

Fresh Ham, per lb. 20c

Vegetables.

Straw Berries, per box. 15c

Celery, per bunch. 5c and 10c

Pie Plant, per bunch. 5c

Radishes, 2 bunches for. 5c

Green Onions, per bunch. 5c

Kale, per peck. 20c

Cranberries, per quart. 15c

Lettuce, per lb. 20c

Sweet Potatoes, Carrots, Parsnips, Cabbage, Oranges, Grape Fruit and Imported Kraut 10c per quart.

A fancy line of cakes and candies at 10c a pound.

THIS COUPON WORTH 25cts

THIS OFFER IS OF
INTEREST TO YOU.

In order to further introduce Rex-all Kidney Pills in this vicinity we will sell you a regular 50c box for 25c and this coupon on

SATURDAY, MARCH 14th.

Offer good for this day only.

These pills cannot be purchased anywhere for less than 50c. Hundreds of Seymour people are using them and know their worth. If you are suffering from kidney disorders we want you to try them. Sold under strict guarantee of MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFACTORY.

Bring 25c and this coupon to our store Saturday and secure a box by this unusual offer.

H. H. CARTER
Successor to The Andrews Drug Co.

The Rexall Store

DREAMLAND

NO. 1 and NO. 2

"The Return of Helen Redmond"

(American 2 Reel Feature)

NO. 3. "TOO MANY BRIDES"

(Keystone Comedy)

Friday we have, "Our Mutual Girl"

First of series.

Five Dollars IN SILVER

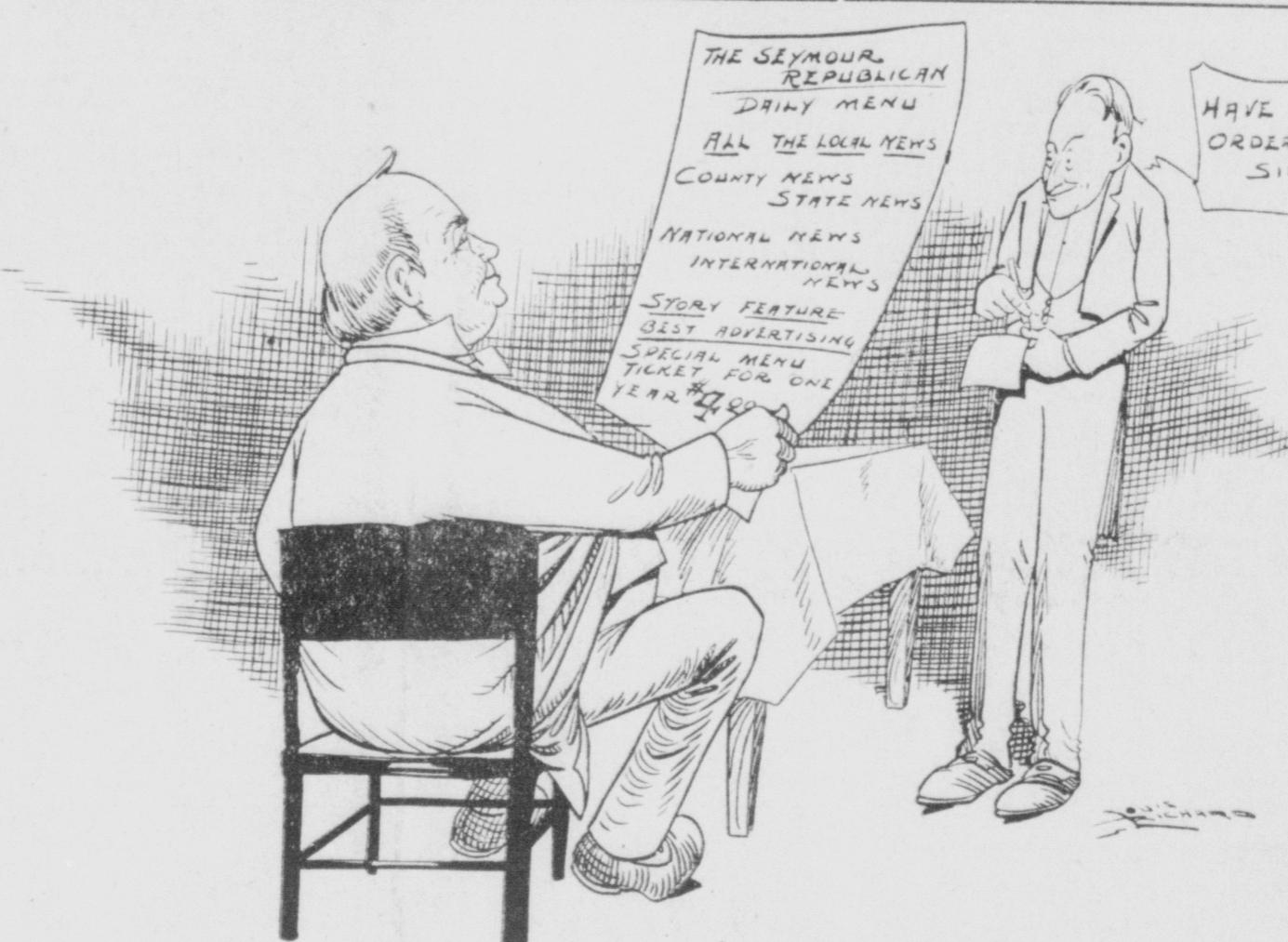
GIVEN AWAY

Each Friday Night

Onion Sets
and SEEDS of
All Kind
The Bee Hive

T. M. JACKSON, Jeweler
GEO. F. KAMMAN, Optometrist

SATURDAY'S BARGAIN MENU FOR SEYMOUR



On Saturday, March 14, subscribers, new and old, may pay for the Daily Republican for one year in advance at the special price of \$4.00.

This special offer is good for one day only, and all arrearages, if any, must be paid in full before the special Bargain Day offer may be taken.

See the carrier boy or call at the Daily Republican office, Saturday, March 14, one day only. Office open until 10:00 p. m.

THIRTEEN ALLEGED RIOTERS ARE CHARGED WITH MURDER

Court of Inquiry Being Conducted By
Officials Relative to Labor Out-
Break at Mitchell.

Thirteen men who are alleged to have participated in the riot at Mitchell, Tuesday afternoon, have been arrested by Sheriff Sitter, of Lawrence county, and are being held in the county jail on charges of murder. It is probable that these charges will be dismissed and affidavits al-

leging less serious offenses will be filed against them. A number of others will be arrested for assault and battery, it is reported. Mitchell has quieted down after the outbreak and no further disturbances at the Lehigh Portland Cement plant have taken place.

A number of persons are reported to have seen Harvey Hart, the colored watchman at the plant, stabbed to death, and they will be called upon to tell what they know. An investi-

gation is being made under the direc-

tion of Prosecuting Attorney Under-

wood. More evidence is being col-

lected and the additional arrests are

expected shortly after the adjourn-

ment of the court of inquiry. The

people at Mitchell are urging that a

complete investigation be made.

Special Demonstration.

Friday and Saturday, 20-21, of Gas Ranges. This Demonstration will be in charge of E. E. Howard, of the Detroit Stove Works, 9:30 a. m. to 5:00 p. m. daily. Interstate Public Service Company. m20d

Miss Sarah Weddell, who has been sick for some time, is improving.

See the cooking done on the Detroit

Jewel gas range at the Public Service

Company, Friday and Saturday, 20th

and 21st. Free lectures. Everybody

invited. Be sure to come. E. E.

Howard, Domestic Science Demo-

nstrator, in charge. A souvenir given

each day. m20d

m20

U. S. SENATORS ARE MENDING FENCES

Terms of One-third of Members of Upper House Will Expire in About One Year.

PREPARING FOR ELECTIONS

Rumored that George Ade, the Humorist, Will be Brought Forward to Succeed Senator Shively.

(Written by Burton K. Standish for the United Press.)

Washington, March 12—The terms of one-third of the members of the United States Senate will expire a little over a year hence. And thirty-two members will face the problem of getting back again—for with possibly one exception all of the solons would like to keep on with their legislating jobs—under the new direct elections law. All of which makes the political situation of considerable interest to the Senatorial aspirants. Most of them are anxious to get out home and mend their political fences.

It will be a novel stunt for most of them, this campaigning among the people instead of pulling wires among members of the state legislatures. Elihu Root, whose term expires March 4, 1915, positively doesn't want re-election. Root has announced his retirement from public life at that time. Senator Bradley, of Kentucky, is not expected to fight for his return. It is practically certain that his successor will be a Democrat.

Another Republican who is very apt to be succeeded by a Democrat is Burton, of Ohio. A Republican who will have the fight of his life to "come back" is Bristow, of Kansas, his nomination will be opposed by former Senator Curtis, a regular Republican, while Murdock will oppose him in the regular general election. A Democratic Senator who frankly looks forward to a hard struggle is Chamberlain, of Oregon, who will be opposed by former Senator Jonathan Bourne, a Republican.

A member of the Senate since the days of President Harrison, in 1891, Gallinger, of New Hampshire will have to make his first fight before the people next fall. New Hampshire's other Senator, Hollis, is a Democrat. One of the most interesting battles of the fall will be that of Gore, the blind Senator from Oklahoma. Completely exonerated of charges of the most serious character, Gore is expected to be reelected. A spectacular "Armageddon" contest will be that in Pennsylvania, where Clifford Pinehot will battle for the Progressives against Boise Penrose, Standpatter, while the Democratic colors will be carried by A. Mitchell Palmer, who will probably have the cordial support of President Wilson. Many of the regular Republicans, especially a few Representatives, will join the ranks of the Progressives to beat Penrose, who, they declare, dominates the party entirely too much to suit them.

Another fight in which intense interest will center is that of Cole L. Blease, who will make the run against Ellison D. Smith, of South Carolina, and who, it is declared, has an excellent chance of beating Smith. Blease has a nation-wide reputation because of his "to hell with the Constitution" views. He was recently re-elected Governor despite the opposition of Senator Tillman. Another veteran of the Senate who is rounding out his last term is Perkins, of California, whose long illness has almost prostrated him. A senator who cannot make a struggle is Thornton, of Louisiana, whose successor, Robert F. Broussard, now a representative, has already been elected. Despite the fact that he has always been considered a leader of the Progressive Republicans, Cummins, of Iowa, will probably be opposed by a Progressive candidate, even if he has no opposition in his own party.

While he will have no opposition in the general elections, Clarke, of Arkansas, President Pro Tempore of the Senate, will have a hard fight with Judge W. F. Kirby, of the State Supreme Court. Clarke is now mending fences back home, not having been in the Senate since the Christmas recess. Coe L. Crawford has also been mending fences, back in South Dakota since Christmas. In his own party Charles H. Burke will probably oppose him, while Edward S. Johnson will probably lead the Democrats in the general election.

George Ade, the humorist, is being brought forward to succeed Senator Shively, of Indiana. Albert J. Beveridge will contest with Ade, should

Ade run, for the Progressive nomination. Candidates for the Republican nomination are Ex-Governor W. T. Durbin, Former Mayor of Indianapolis, Charles A. Bookwalter, and W. L. Taylor. Shively is unlikely to be opposed in the Democratic party, as Taggart has said he will not run.

A whole flock of candidates are aspiring against Senator Jones, of Washington, which state last time sent the only Progressive in the Senate, Poindexter, to that body. Roger C. Sullivan, of Chicago, would it is asserted, like to succeed Senator Sherman, of Illinois, and may make the race. Considering the size of the state, the number of avowed candidates is small. There is another state where a Republican seat seems to be in danger. John Walter Smith, of Maryland, seems practically certain of re-election.

Democratic voters in Alabama will have a chance to choose between Representatives Hobson and Underwood. This is to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Johnston, for which the Senate recently refused to seat F. P. Glass.

Stephenson, of Wisconsin, is likely to be opposed by some one more agreeable to La Follette, as the latter it is said, would like to have a more progressive colleague.

MAY REGULATE WAGES OF WOMEN WORKERS IN INDIANA

Plan Will be Presented to 1915 Legislature by Commission on Woman Labor.

By United Press.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 11.—A plan to regulate not only the hours and conditions but the wages as well, of the women workers in Indiana will be presented to the 1915 Legislature by the state commission on woman labor.

This is the assurance by State Senator Harry E. Grube, of Plymouth, the chairman of the commission.

The law instructs the commission to investigate the "condition" of the labor of women, and the commission has ruled that this shall include the wages.

From its headquarters in a quiet corner of the federal building here the commission sent Mrs. W. E. Miller, South Bend club woman, to gather the facts. Among her assistants are three expert women investigators of the United States Department of Labor. These women have visited many cities, including Evansville, and have obtained information regarding the labor of women from employers and from the women themselves.

The commission will hold hearings in ten different places in the state, at which employers and employees will be called to testify. It is considered likely that the testimony will be as startling as that which was heard by a similar commission in Illinois, headed by Lieutenant Governor Barratt O'Hara, which disclosed the fact that many women are getting less than a living wage. Evansville and Terre Haute will in all likelihood be selected among other cities, for the hearings.

Chairman Grube is in favor of a constitutional convention so that an amendment will make clear the constitutionality of any woman labor legislation that may be passed.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proved Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Advertisement.

Shooting Contest.

Local marksmen are much interested in the shooting contest for the championship of Jackson county which will take place next week at the shooting gallery at the corner of Second street and Indianapolis avenue. A gold medal and \$10 in cash will be given to the winner. It is open to all persons in the county. Among those who have won in the weekly contests are Dr. D. L. Prall, Ira Bishop, Al Swenzy and August H. Kroeger and they are expected to do some good shooting in the champion ship match.



Remember!

The first time you get a whiff of Stag from some other fellow's pipe, REMEMBER that Stag's taste is as good as its fragrance.

Try a tin and get a new thrill in smoking.

Convenient Packages: The Handy Half-Size 5-Cent Tin, the Full-Size 10-Cent Tin, the Pound and Half-Pound Tin Humidors and the Pound Glass Humidor.

STAG
For Pipe and Cigarette
"EVER-LASTING-LY GOOD"

P. Lorillard Co. Est. 1760

JONESVILLE.

Bob Crawford, of Crothersville, was here Monday, on business.

Harry Loomis, of Scottsburg, worked second trick at the Block here Saturday in B. W. Hatton's place who went to Brownstown to visit his parents.

Mrs. Henry Stinker and son, of Seymour, spent Sunday with her sister Mrs. George Donhost.

Wm. McKinney went to Beck's Grove, Tuesday to attend the funeral of his aunt, Mrs. Mary F. Spurgeon, who is ninety years old.

Miss Elvynine Welmer and Miss Laura Kruse, spent the past week in Greenwood with the latter's sister Mrs. Harry Hill and family.

Mrs. Nettie Gulley has gone to her home in Aurora, after an extended visit with her parents here. Mr. and Mrs. Scott Bedgood.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Grawe came Tuesday to spend the day with her parents, John Ford, and family.

Hugh Hill, of Columbus, spent Sun-

day here with his grandmother, Mrs. George Gore, who is sick.

Ed. Welmer, of this place died Friday night at 6:30 o'clock of chronic neuritis. He has been two years an invalid. He was fifty-five years of age and leaves his widow and eight children and many relatives and friends.

The funeral was held at the German Lutheran church, Monday at 1:30 o'clock by Rev. Wm. Kaiser. Burial at Jonesville cemetery.

ACME.

Born to Basil Patrick and wife, March 9th, a son.

Miss Josie Herkamp, of Seymour, visited here last week.

Mrs. Ginnie Manning, of Seymour, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Simmons Sunday.

Mrs. Oma Smith who has been very ill was able to return to her home at Cortland Friday.

O. R. Anderson and wife spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W.

F. Anderson. The Trustees of the Christian Church at Surprise will install gasoline lights in the church.

Mrs. Will Herkamp, of Seymour, visited her parents at this place.

Joseph Fredrick and wife, of Indianapolis, visited the former's mother, Mrs. Margaret Fredrick last week.

Elder Roberts, of Mooresville, will preach at the Christian Church at Surprise next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Wm. Thompson has moved to the Wabash bottoms and Monday Fred Allman moved in the house he vacated.

Kert Carr, of near Seymour, visited his aged mother at this place Sunday.

The Spelling Contest of the Public School of Hamilton Township, was held at Cortland, Saturday, when the sixth and seventh and eighth grades entered the contest.

The first prize was given E. Williams; second, Harold Claycamp; and third to Miss Maude Thompson all of Surprise School.

TO INVESTIGATE CHARGES FILED AGAINST MINISTER

Rev. John R. Ellis, of Bloomington, is Defendant at Court of Inquiry at Martinsville.

By United Press.

Martinsville, Ind.—March 12—Behind closed doors, the commission appointed by the Indianapolis Presbytery to investigate charges against the Rev. John R. Ellis, of Bloomington, met here today. The utmost secrecy was maintained by the seven men composing the court of inquiry. They would not make known the formal charges against Rev. Ellis, nor would they announce in advance the witnesses that have been called to testify.

Friends of the accused pastor of the First Presbyterian church, of Bloomington, have intimated that his defense will be that he was suffering from mental trouble at the time he is alleged to have made improper advances to a prominent young woman of his congregation asking for a clandestine meeting with her. He was sent to an eastern sanitarium soon after the charges were made against him. When he returned he appeared to be normal mentally.

The Rev. Mr. Ellis is about 48 years old and the father of a family of six. He is a graduate of London University. He went to the Bloomington pastorage from New York. The church of which he was pastor is one of the most aristocratic in Bloomington and has many prominent families in its membership.

Investigations of the pastor's alleged misconduct began early in December, when letters, said to have been written by him to the young woman, were turned over to the official board of the church. Learning that his conduct was being investigated, the Rev. Mr. Ellis sent in his resignation. It was accepted. The minister immediately asked for an investigation and petitioned for a special meeting of the Indiana Presbytery to take up the case. Later another request for a special meeting was received from the elders of the church.

About the time the investigation was going on the Rev. Mr. Ellis suffered a nervous collapse and it was then he was sent to the New York sanitarium for rest and treatment. His son made statements at the time in which he said his father had been in such condition for three months that he did not think him responsible, for his acts. He acted strangely at home, the young man said.

The Rev. Mr. Ellis has protested his innocence repeatedly and has declared that at the proper time and place the background and motives for the accusation would be revealed. The accused man was accompanied today by Mrs. Ellis and an elder son. The Rev. Mr. Skinner, of Indianapolis, a member of the commission, said today the hearing might extend over several days and might be completed today. The commission is given absolute power, he said, but an appeal is possible either to the general Presbytery or to the synod.



A Newspaper
For the Home
Fascinating
Serial Stories

8th Annual Bargain Day

of the SEYMORE DAILY REPUBLICAN

Devoted to the
Interests of
Seymour and
Jackson County

Saturday, March 14th, 1914

ONE DAY ONLY

The Daily Republican **\$5.20** Per Year When Paid By The Week
The Daily Republican **\$4.00** When Paid in Advance Bargain Day

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312 Issues of the Best Newspaper
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to Your Home Each Evening for

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Office Open
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March 14, 1914

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The SEYMORE DAILY REPUBLICAN

PHONE 42

108 WEST SECOND STREET

SEYMORE, IND.

SEE CARRIER
BOY
OR CALL AT
OFFICE

EARLY PASSAGE OF REPEAL BILL

Administration Urging Prompt
Action.

A GAG TO BE PUT ON DEBATE

In Order to Expedite the Enactment of the Measure So Urgently Recommended by the President, Chairman Adamson Has Brought in a Special Rule to Prevent the Interminable Discussion That Threatened.

Washington, March 12.—The personal efforts of President Wilson to effect the passage of the bill repealing the clause of the Panama canal act exempting American ships engaged in the coastwise trade from payment of tolls have served to revive the reports that international complications will ensue if the measure is not promptly enacted.

The impression is growing in Washington that uneasiness over the attitude of Japan toward the United States is the cause for the president's concern over the Panama canal repeal bill. Outwardly the administration seems bent on gaining the good will of Great Britain. In this connection it is pointed out that as an ally of Japan Great Britain exercises a large influence over the far eastern powers. In urging congress to repeal the exemption clause friends of the administration say the president is planning for the future.

It has commonly been inferred that despite the White House statement that no particular situation except the tolls controversy itself was in the president's mind when he addressed congress, the situation in Mexico was really responsible for the impressive language he used on that occasion.

That the administration wishes to be assured of at least one strong friend in case of more serious trouble in Mexico, is believed here.

It has been suggested many times that should the United States become deeply involved in Mexico to the extent of using its armed forces to restore peace in that country, Japan might take advantage of the preoccupation of the United States to menace this country. In such an event it is said the friendship of Japan's ally, Great Britain, would be invaluable, as

Great Britain could then be counted on to dissuade Japan from hostilities against the United States.

Those supporting the policy of repeal declare that by that single act, the United States government will at one stroke clear the decks for the better adjustment of its controversies with other nations.

Chairman Adamson of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce of the house, has introduced a special rule limiting debate on the bill that provides for the repeal of the clause in the Panama canal act exempting American coastwise vessels from payment of tolls. The presentation of this rule means that the opposition to the repeal bill is more formidable than was supposed. It became apparent that in the absence of a rule limiting discussion that debate on the repeal bill would be indefinitely prolonged. Accordingly Mr. Adamson, who represents the administration on this question in the house, has decided to resort to the rule which limits debate to fifteen hours and prohibits the offering of amendments. Only in extreme cases is a gag rule such as proposed devised by the leaders. The tolls bill will be brought up in the house early next week. It is expected that the measure will be transferred to the senate by March 19 or 20.

FORCED TO WALK TO POLICE

Wounded Negro Dies at Door of Headquarters.

Brazil, Ind., March 12.—Frank Herring, colored, aged forty-five, was fatally shot by Fred Bass, also colored, when Herring was attempting to get into Bass's house. Enmity had existed between the two men for several years. Herring was paroled recently by Governor Ralston from the state prison at Michigan City, where he was sent for an attack on a fifteen-year-old white girl two years ago.

Herring followed Mrs. Bass home and tried to enter her home, it is said. Mrs. Bass sent her little daughter for her husband, and he arrived at the house when Herring was trying to enter by the front door. Bass shot him twice with a revolver, and then, pointing the weapon at Herring, ordered him to raise his hands and walk to police headquarters, a block distant. As Herring reached the headquarters he fell, and was caught by Chief of Police Jackson. He died in the police-man's arms.

Saying and Saving. Tommy—Mamma, what is economy? Tommy's Mamma—Economy, my son, is what a husband preaches and a wife practices.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

LEO FRANK

Atlanta Man Under Sentence of Death For Child's Murder.



Photo by American Press Association.

Atlanta, Ga., March 12.—Attorneys for Leo M. Frank, under sentence of death, will attempt to force a confession from the negro Jim Conley, that he murdered little Mary Phagan and to save his own neck accused Frank of the crime. To this end Frank's attorneys will make a determined effort to gain permission for Detective William J. Burns to go to jail and interview the negro. Burns will be here the latter part of the week.

Negroes Barred at Primaries.

Dover, Del., March 12.—One of the provisions indorsed by the Kent county Democratic committee in connection with the direct primary law reads as follows: "No person shall vote at a Democratic primary election in Kent county who is not a white man."

Alleged Firebug Acquitted.

North Vernon, Ind., March 12.—The jury in the St. John arson case returned a verdict of acquittal. The case was transferred from Decatur county. Charles St. John was charged with having set fire to his store at Letts Corner on Sept. 1, 1912.

SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST BANKER

Henry Siegel Now Faces Three
Indictments.

HIS PARTNER ALSO IS HELD

While Grand Jury in New York Has
Handed Down but Three Bills
Against Bankrupt Merchants and
Bankers, It Is Said There Is Enough
Evidence to Warrant Fifty Indictments.

New York, March 12.—In the general sessions court Henry Siegel and Frank Vogel, thrice indicted, were held in \$25,000 bail by Judge Rosalsky. Siegel and Vogel were notified of the indictments while they were still in the Federal Building. Three hundred angry depositors, who had been forcibly ejected from the bankrupt bank, hunting around the Federal Building in vain.

The three presentations were the first of a series the grand jury is to hand down against the men. The number, according to the district attorney's office, will be limited only by the demands of justice. It is said there is enough evidence to warrant the grand jurors in voting on fifty different cases.

Two charges charging the men with accepting deposits in the private bank of Henry Siegel & Co., are in the first two indictments, while the third charges them with obtaining \$25,000 from the National Bank of Commerce on the strength of a false statement as to the financial condition of the Fourteenth street store. They neglected to mention that indebtedness of about \$1,500,000 to various interests. The penalty upon conviction under either of the first two indictments is from one to five years' imprisonment and a fine up to \$5,000, while for the third it is a maximum of ten years with \$10,000 fine.

With the filing of the first batch of indictments came the revelation that District Attorney Whitman and Arthur C. Train, his assistant in charge of the case, have secured confessions and statements from O. C. Prall and Robert G. McMeekin, confidential secretaries to the two partners in the Siegel enterprises, that "expose an astounding business system," according to the state supreme court prevents this in criminal cases.

prosecutor's office. The statement shows how a losing business for years was made to appear as a winner; how false books were deliberately manufactured; how false statements were prepared for merchants and bankers; how losses were made to appear as gains; how liabilities were turned into assets, and then how \$2,500,000 of money deposited in the private bank was poured into a pot, switched around and sums as high as \$750,000 deliberately lost.

WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Prays For the Release of Interned
Mexicans at El Paso.

El Paso, Tex., March 12.—Habeas corpus proceedings have been instituted in the United States district court here for the release of Salvador R. Mercado and 3,055 other Mexicans who are being held as prisoners at Fort Bliss prison camp. The application prays that General Hugh L. Scott, commanding at Fort Bliss, be ordered to bring the 3,055 prisoners into court and show cause why they are detained at the prison camp. The writ will probably be made returnable during the April term of the federal court here.

Second Demand Effectual.

El Paso, March 12.—Anselmo Melendez, American citizen, and one of the best known politicians and ranchers in Dona Ana county, New Mexico, was a prisoner in the Juarez jail as a spy all night, and was only released when friends appeared in Juarez and made a second demand for a search of the jail. The military authorities pretended not to know that he was in prison when first questioned.

Farms For Villa's Soldiers.

Juarez, March 12.—General Villa has issued orders for distribution of farms among all his soldiers and all the veterans of the Madero revolution. The lands are to be unassessable for debt and no family can accumulate more than one tract. The tracts are to be 6½ acres each and will be distributed from lands confiscated from Terrazas, Creel and others.

Trial Halted by Juror's Illness.

Muncie, Ind., March 12.—It is possible that the trial of Joe Rogers, the negro charged with killing Moy Dip, a Chinese merchant, Jan. 4, when robbing Dip's store, will result in a mistrial, owing to the sudden sickness of a juror, who is threatened with lung fever. Both sides were willing to continue the trial with the eleven remaining jurors, but a decision of the state supreme court prevents this in criminal cases.

CAPT. TEMPLIN POTTS

His Case the Subject of a Special Bill in Senate.



TERSE TELEGRAMS

Active preparations for the movement of Villa's troops south against Torreon have commenced.

Two regiments of infantry will at once be added to the United States forces now patrolling the international boundary.

About 100 negro families were made homeless in a \$200,000 fire which destroyed a row of tenement houses in New York.

The thirty-first annual meeting of the Northern Indiana Teachers' association will be held in Indianapolis on April 2, 3 and 4.

The sterilization of defective boys in the New York public schools was recommended in a report made by a special committee of the board of education.

The ousting of Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, and several of his followers from membership in the National Democratic club at New York created a stir in political circles.

The Geological Institution of Berlin university reports the discovery in German East Africa of a complete fossil, a human skeleton in excellent preservation, indicating a developed race at a very remote period.

President Wilson has sent to the senate the nomination of William P. Malbun of Denver to be assistant secretary of the treasury, in charge of the customs service, succeeding Assistant Secretary Hamlin, who was promoted to the head of the fiscal bureau.



When tired or nervous, sit in a Royal, pull out the Foot Rest, "Push the Button" and allow the back to assume any angle you wish; then stretch out and relax every muscle. This is possible only in a Royal Easy Chair, and you will say it is the easiest, most restful, worry and trouble killer ever invented.

When you wish to read, take your favorite book or magazine from the Concealed Newspaper Basket, stretch out again in the chair and enjoy solid comfort. When through using your book or periodical, put it back in the basket, slide back the foot rest out of sight—the next time you wish to read, you will find your reading matter where you put it.

The "Push button" is in the right arm of all Royal Easy chairs. It allows 20 different positions of the back, to be had instantly, without moving from the chair. Royal Easy Chairs are incomplete without the Foot Rest and Newspaper Basket.

We will gladly demonstrate a Royal Easy Chair to you whenever you can find time to call and see us. Better make it today.

HEIDEMAN
114 S. Chestnut St. Seymour, Ind.



THE FIRST FOOD
You Give Your Baby Chicks Should Be
Conkey's Starting Food

It's made for the purpose—an ideal mash, containing all needed elements. Settles the problem what to feed the first few weeks. Brings chicks through safely, with no loss from Indigestion, Leg Weakness, etc. Try it—that's the test. Money back if you aren't well pleased with it. 10c, 25c and 50c packages. 14 pound bags, \$1.00.

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SPECIAL RATE TO FARMERS
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Licensed and Bonded.

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\$10.00 is \$0.20 \$50.00 is \$1.00
25.00 is .50 100.00 is 2.00
40.00 is .80 250.00 is 5.00
Small charge for papers.

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SEYMORE, IND.

THE REPUBLICAN

AY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-office as Second-class Matter.

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Six Months.....2.50
Three Months.....1.25
One Month.....45
One Week.....10
WEEKLY.
One Year in Advance.....\$1.00

THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1914.

The editor of the Brownstown Banner is greatly excited because the Seymour Republican has recently carried several news stories relative to the bitter Democratic factional fight which is now being waged so strenuously in this county. He does not question the facts as presented but objects to publicity being given to the Democratic troubles. We do not know upon what theory the editor of the Banner proceeds but we do know that the factional differences are the one subject of conversation in political circles and as a daily newspaper the Republican has endeavored to give its readers the situation as nearly correct as it can. The Republican has never undertaken to "meddle" in Democratic politics as charged by the Banner, but as a newspaper man, he must grant us the right to cover the news field. The Republican appreciates its large number of Democratic subscribers and they naturally look to this paper for news concerning their own party. The stories it has published in its news columns regarding the fight were written after the leaders of both factions were interviewed and an effort was made to present the facts as nearly accurate as possible. Apparently the members of the party are not endeavoring to conceal any facts in connection with the fight and both sides have been eager to explain the situation as they see it. The Banner editor must have known something of the trouble yet very conveniently nothing about it is mentioned. The trouble with so many of the Democratic papers throughout Indiana is that their editors became so intent upon dividing the Republican party that they sowed the seeds of discontent unknowingly in their own ranks and are now harvesting what they sowed. The fight in Jackson county is only one of the many in Indiana.

"Wild and wooly" western mining camps noted for their "bad" men are in danger of being overshadowed by the "terrible" Terre Haute right here in Indiana. Fearing that outbreaks of violence might occur during the trial of Mayor Roberts, an order has been issued by Sheriff Dennis Shea that all weapons will be seized at the court door. This precaution is taken to protect the judge, attorneys and witnesses in the case.

War clouds are gathering in the south, two more regiments of United States soldiers having been sent to the Mexican border. Should war be necessary President Wilson will find that it was a mistake in lifting the embargo act on fire arms and ammunition.

Well, Well. Even the Brownstown Banner didn't have a word to say in commendation of the Democratic county ticket nominated last week.

Independent Candidate.

At the request of many of my friends in all parties, I have consented to announce my candidacy for representative from Jackson county subject to the will of the people at the ballot box. I am opposed to increasing the terms and salaries of public officers and if elected, will use my best endeavors to secure the enactment of laws that will reduce taxes. Your support is solicited.

m14d Fred Miller.

Child Dead.

Howard, the four year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ehlers, of Bobtown, died this morning after a three weeks' illness of pneumonia and whooping cough. The funeral services will be held from the residence Friday morning at 12 o'clock and the remains will be brought to this city for burial in Riverview cemetery. Dr. D. L. Thomas will have charge of the services at the grave.

Series G.

The Cooperative Building and Loan Association will open a new series of stock Monday, April 6, at their office in the opera house block. This will be another opportunity for Seymour and Jackson county citizens to begin saving money regularly and to secure loans for the purchase of homes or for business investment. See the secretary, Thos. J. Clark, for full particulars.

EXPENDITURES FOR PUBLIC ROADS.

An interesting comparison between the expenditure on public roads in the United States in 1904 and in 1912 has just been compiled by the department of agriculture through its office of public roads, showing the tremendous growth that has taken place in the movement for better highways within the last eight years.

In 1904 the total expenditure on all public roads in the United States was \$79,771,417, but in 1912 the expenditures for this purpose amounted to \$164,232,365. The expenditure per mile of public roads in the United States for 1904 was \$37.07, but the expenditure per mile for the year 1912 had doubled, amounting to \$74.95. The expenditure per inhabitant in 1904 was \$1.05, but in 1912 it amounted to \$1.78.

The greatest progress in road building has been made in the states which contribute from the state treasuries toward the construction of state aid or trunk line roads. In 1904 there were thirteen states that contributed out of the general fund \$2,007,000, but in 1912 there were thirty-five states which contributed \$43,757,438. The states having the largest expenditures for state aid and trunk line roads in 1912 were as follows: New York, \$23,000,000; Pennsylvania, \$4,000,000; Maryland, \$3,370,000; Connecticut, \$3,000,000.

THE OLD PLANK ROAD.

New Jersey's Famous Highway Has Been Reconstructed and Renamed.

The old plank road in New Jersey has been reconstructed and renamed the Essex-Hudson Lincoln highway. The historic highway was established in 1765 by the colonial legislature of New Jersey, which called upon "all good people" to "assist in keeping it in condition for travel." A public notice in the New York Gazette June 27, 1765, declared the highway would run "from New-Ark to the publick Road near the Town of Bergen, leading to Poulus Hook and established Ferries over the two small Rivers Passaic and Hackensack, which makes the Distance from Poulus-Hook to New-Ark eight miles, and will be a level and good Road when the Cause-ways are made."

The road was first known as the "Ferry road" because the Passaic and Hackensack were crossed on ferries. After the bridges were built and extra heavy planking was laid crosswise on the road the name by which the highway has been known for upward of a century and which now goes back into history was given to it.

The new road cost \$1,316,000, of which \$500,000 represents the cost of the bridges. The highway is a hundred feet in width, with ten foot side walks on either side, two twenty-eight foot roadways, one paved with wood block and the other with close grouted granite. Trolley tracks of the Public Service railway are raised twelve inches in the center.

THE BAD ROADS TAX.

The biggest tax the farmer pays is for bad roads. He pays it in extra drafting animals, the food they eat and extra hands for their care and handling; in extra vehicles and wear and tear on them; in lost time and lost interest in his farm. Where you see good roads there is prosperity.



MORE LIGHT.
"By Ned. I never thought of it in that way before!"—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Rival to Lincoln Highway. Kansas and Colorado road promoters are endeavoring to form an organization to establish a new national highway which will be a rival of the proposed Lincoln highway or at least will share traffic with it.

Included in the proposed route are the Cumberland Pike from Washington to St. Louis, Boone's Lick and Santa Fe trails from St. Louis to Kansas City, the Golden Belt highway through Kansas and the Colorado Springs-Salt Lake road, known as the Pike's peak route, through Colorado.

Oiling Macadam Roads. The surface oiling of macadam roads has proved satisfactory in the Philippines, according to the quarterly bulletin of the bureau of public works. Gravel is used for covering the surface after oiling instead of sand, and rollers are not used, the traffic apparently being sufficient to consolidate the binder and gravel.

Lady Representative Wanted

Here is an opportunity for a wide-a-wake woman to secure

A Comfortable, Steady Income

The work is refined, pleasant and if successful, permanent.

Cincinnati's Greatest Store

wants a refined woman to represent them in your City and County to sell their merchandise.

Write today for full particulars.

The Mabley & Carew Co.

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CINCINNATI

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CHOOSING THE RIGHT PIANO.

One needs to be sure in piano buying. Quality and character count more than price.

And the safest, surest guide to the right piano at the right price is the advertising in a live daily newspaper like The REPUBLICAN.

The names of the representative instruments are all made known through careful, dignified advertising.

The best piano dealers are advertisers—reputable men who back up reputable instruments with their own guarantee.

Good pianos are not made by advertising. The types merely herald the quality which has already been put there by good materials and sound workmanship.

There is no way in which the advertising in this newspaper can guide you with greater safety than in buying a piano.

New Books.

The following new books have been added to the Seymour Public Library:

Adult.

Reference.

Goodchild & Tweney.—Technological & Scientific Dictionary; World's almanac and encyclopedia; Biography.

Baughan.—Ignaz Jan Paderewski; Goldsmith; Fiction.

Phillpotts.—Joy of Youth; Canaan.—Round the Corner; Chesterton.—Flying Inn; Daviess.—Tinder Box.

Cholmondeley.—After All; Juvenile; Hygiene.

Guerber.—Yourself and Your House Beautiful; Biography.

Allen.—David Crockett, Scout; Lindsay.—Captain John Smith; Lindsay—Captain John Smith; History.

Grinnell.—Indians of Today.

Starr.—American Indians.

Parish.—Man With the Iron Hand; Fiction.

Major.—Uncle Tom Andy Bill; Bears of Big River.

Wright.—Dream Fox Story Book.

Vandercook.—Camp Fire Girls at Sunrise Hill.

Crowell.—Cheer Chirpers.

Spears.—Camping on the Great Lakes.

Magazine Articles.

Among the many interesting articles in the March magazines, taken by the Library, are the following: Two Suffrage Mistakes.—North American Review. What have women done with the vote?—Century. First steps in Prison Reform.—Century. Navigation Lights for the Panama Canal.—Scientific American. Wireless Fate. Technical World.

Art League Meeting.

A meeting of the Art League will be held at 7:30 o'clock Friday night at the high school building. All members and others interested are urged to be present as important business will be transacted.

m13d

Baptist Sewing Society.

The sewing society of the First Baptist church will meet at the church Friday afternoon. All the ladies of the church are most cordially invited.

Notice.

After March 23rd all owners of dogs who do not purchase license tags will be prosecuted.

Harvey L. McCord,

Chief of Police.

m13d

Baptist Choir Notice.

The choir will meet at the church Friday night at 7:00. Please note the change in the hour.

m13d

Madame, Talk This Over with your husband



HOUSEHOLD expenses mount up. The wife, no matter how economical, is liable to LACK BUSINESS METHODS. Install business methods in your home by teaching your wife the simple ART OF BANKING. She will enjoy her new responsibility and you will be agreeably surprised to note the saving at the end of the month.

START YOUR WIFE WITH A BANK ACCOUNT TODAY!

A small depositor now is the large depositor of the future. START NOW.

The First National Bank SEYMORE, INDIANA.

See Us

For Best Prices on Seed Potatoes, Onion Sets, Red Top and Timothy Seed. Also Complete Line of Flower and Garden Seed.

If you are going to buy an incubator this spring we have the machine you want at an attractive price.

Favorite Open Top Washing Machine.....\$2.98

20 Bars Lenox Soap Free.

Blue Grass Washing Machine for.....7.50

40 Bars Lenox Soap Free.

Fancy Japan Wholehead Rice. Per pound.....0.05

Best Quality Eating Potatoes. Per peck.....2.22

Five Dozen Clothes Pins for.....0.05

A Splendid Broom for.....0.25

\$1.00 Hand Saw for.....65

Pittsburg Perfect 26-inch high fence No. 9 Top and Bottom Wire

No. 11, intermediate Wire. Stays 6 inches apart, a Hog

proof fence. Per Rod.....23

No. 1 Medium Salt 280 pound barrels for.....1.35

Spring Caps Are Ready

About this time the old Winter Hat begins to look a trifle bad, and possibly you are not ready to get a Spring Hat. A Cap can help you out on this. English Golf and Norfolk Caps in the newest shades and patterns.

50c, \$1.00, \$1.50

Elegant showing at every price.

THE-HUB

Week-end Produce

Head Lettuce	Fresh
Leaf Lettuce	Fresh
Rutabagas	Fresh
Celery	Fresh
New Tomatoes	Fresh
Kale	Fresh
Parsnips	Fresh
Florida & California Oranges	Fresh
Grape Fruit	Fresh
Cranberries	Fresh
Sweet Potatoes	Fresh
Green Onions	Fresh
Rhubarb	Fresh
Spanish Onions	Fresh
New Cabbage	Fresh

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Lodest Ass. and other
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Pills in Red and Gold metallic
boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon.
Take one or two CHICHESTER'S
DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25
years known as Best, Easiest, Always Reliable.

"Will Go on Your Bond"
will write any kind of
INSURANCE
CLARK B. DAVIS
LOANS NOTARY
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Taken to Poor Asylum.

George Guffey and three minor children have been taken to the county poor asylum. The mother and daughter are in jail and there was no one to care for the children. The Guffey woman was taken to jail, being unable to pay a fine of \$20 and costs assessed against her when she pleaded guilty to a charge of conducting a house of bad repute. Her daughter is held for delinquency. It is said the grand jury is investigating other charges against them.

Eagles.

Social at Eagles' Hall Thursday night, March 12, 1914, for members and families.

m12d Committee.

Business Getters, "Republican Classified Ads."

Troops Leave Chihuahua.

By United Press.

El Paso, Tex., March 12.—All of the rebel troops in camp at Chihuahua, left today for Torreon. It is reported that General Villa will depart for that point this evening.

Rebekah Notice.

Work and important business Degree staff and all members urged to be present at 7:30 Thursday night instead of Wednesday.

Lydia Lockmud, N. G.
Ella Davison, Seey.

m12d

F. W. Wesner attended court at Brownstown today.

Mush Roll 5c. All Grocers. m25d

Seymour Business College Phone 403

We do "Printing that Please."

m12d

WASHINGS DONE
ON THE 1900 ELECTRIC WASHER
are satisfactory. 30 days FREE trial.
Sold on EASY PAYMENTS. Ask us.
NEAL ELECTRIC CO.

PERSONAL.

Washburn Smith, of Medora, was in the city today on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Gruber, of Reddington, were in the city today. James Marsh made a business trip to Brownstown Wednesday morning. J. W. Kirbert, of Cincinnati, is the guest of his son, Joseph Kirbert, and wife.

James Hamilton, of Jennings county, was in Seymour on business today.

Mrs. James Demaree went to Louisville Tuesday afternoon to visit her brother.

Miss Etta Hornady went to Valionia this morning to spend the day with friends.

Mrs. John Gallimore left this morning for Laporte to visit relatives for a week.

Mrs. William Sage, of Salem, came this morning to visit relatives here for a few days.

Ray White, of Danville, is spending several days with his sister, Mrs. L. L. Bollinger.

Mrs. Frank Hunsucker, of Comiskey, came this morning to spend the day with friends.

Leroy Miller went to Brownstown this morning to attend the funeral of the late William Phifer.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jones, of Scottsburg, came this morning to visit relatives until after Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Dorsey returned to her home in Medora this morning after visiting her sister, Mrs. Roscoe Speer.

Mrs. John Carson, of Freeport, was in the city this afternoon on her way to Indianapolis to visit relatives.

Mrs. John Gallimore left this morning for Laporte, where she will visit her son, Ralph Cox, for several days.

Mrs. Cora Hunsucker went to Brownstown this morning to attend the funeral of the late William Phifer.

Miss Pauline West returned to her home in Dudleytown Wednesday morning after spending a week here with relatives.

Mrs. Florence Crawford, of Tunnelton, and John Barbour, of Columbia City, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Pinhook.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hustedt and children returned to their home in Indianapolis this afternoon after visiting with Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Hustedt.

LOCAL BASKET BALL TEAM TO TAKE PART IN CONTEST

Seymour High School Players Left
This Afternoon for State Meet
at Bloomington.

Seven members of the basket ball squad of the Shields high school accompanied by Coach Everett, went to Bloomington this afternoon and will participate in the state championship games there Friday. The players who made the trip are Lawrence Shannon, Arthur Enos, Maurice Hodapp, Chester Riley, Carl Sumner, Roy Niehaus and Louis Cooley. The boys have been practicing hard for the games and expect to make a good showing. Coach Everett said all the players were in good condition for the contests.

About eight high school teams will participate in the contests. The local school will play the fast team from Lafayette tomorrow morning at 7 o'clock. In case it is successful another game will be played in the afternoon. The winning team will be required to play five games on Saturday. The members of the Seymour team will witness the entire contest.

H. S. Entertainment.

On Thursday evening, March 12, at eight o'clock Mr. Arthur J. Beriault will give a dramatic reading, "David Garrick," in the assembly room of the Shields School building. The price of admission is 25 cents.

Mr. Beriault is in charge of the department of expression and dramatic art in the Metropolitan School of Art in Indianapolis. For several terms he studied in Boston under Leland Powers, the greatest impersonator on the platform, and comes highly recommended.

The play for the evening, "David Garrick," is delightful and full of interest and charm from first to last. In this reading Mr. Beriault impersonates with great effect ten different characters. During the intermissions several musical numbers will be given.

The cast of characters is as follows:

David Garrick.....Celebrated Actor
Mr. Simon Ingot.....An East Indian
Director.

Ada Ingot.....His Daughter
Mr. Smith, Mr. Brown, Mr. Jones...

.....Friends of Ingot
Mrs. Smith.....Wife of Mr. Smith
Miss Araminta Brown.....Easily
Shocked.

Squire Chirly.....Fond of Sport
Thomas.....Man Servant

m12d

The Correct Shapes of Spring Hats. Everything That's New in Haberdashery.

Armor Plate Hose
FOR THE BOYS
THE GIRLS
THE BABIES
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GUARANTEED FAST BLACK
Price 15c and 25c
No Better Stockings on the Market
They Wear Like Iron
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Think!

How much money have you paid out for slate and dirt—something that you did not include in your order for coal? If you could figure it up, we are certain the results would amaze you. Why not get what you want—an honest ton of honest coal by having us fill your requirements.

Raymond City at \$4.25 Per Ton.

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on lumber, mill work and prices? If you are, you are in position to judge, and you will appreciate ours. If you are not, you are just as safe in dealing with us, for nobody has ever known us to take advantage of a customer in our dealings. Fairness, squareness, liberality—those are our watchwords.

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**YOUR Watch or Clock
Can be Made to Keep Time
Let us Prove It
STRATTON--Jeweler**

Letter From El Paso.

Mrs. Otis Bottorff has written from El Paso, Texas, to M. F. Bottorff and family of this city, a letter which contains the following paragraph concerning the Mexican trouble as seen along the border line. She says:

"The situation with Mexico has given us some uneasiness since we have a band of 4000 held at Fort Bliss, near us, with smallpox. We are expecting an out-break at any moment, since they have brought Salazar and Castillo here, two of the most cold blooded Indian Mexicans of the whole Constitutional side. They have robbed people on the street and houses galore; and yet United States stands with hands off. Some of the Mexicans say that Mexico has moving pictures of what United States says it is going to do if American interests and life are molested in Mexico. It is a joke with them. The war has made merchants and real estate men wealthy. It has brought their business to \$2,000 and \$3,000 increase over last year, net. But that is not saying what it will do to them should war break out, which everyone thinks will happen. They held a mass meeting here Friday night after the killing of Benton

and Baugh, a most horrible and unjust death for both men. The speeches and public sentiment ran so high at the meeting they had to adjourn before the speakers all spoke."

Fined by Justice.

Peter Hercamp, of this city, pleaded guilty in Justice of Peace Tuell's court, at Brownstown, Wednesday afternoon, to a charge of assault and battery on Leo Stevens, of Brownstown, and was fined \$1 and costs. It was alleged that the defendant was indulging in some loud talk at the B. & O. Southwestern station Sunday night and was reprimanded by the agent and also by Stevens. Stevens started to leave and Hercamp followed him, it is alleged. The men engaged in some trouble and the defendant is said to have drawn a knife and slashed Stevens' clothing. Night Police Alfred Jenkins started to arrest Hercamp but he denied he was the man wanted and ran. The officer was unable to catch him. After he pleaded guilty he swore out an affidavit against Stevens, charging him with provoke.

Calling Cards.

One hundred calling cards, single line, for 50c. Republican Office.

Building Material
The Very Best

at the

Lowest Prices

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds.

High Grade Mill Work

Veneered Doors and Interior Finish.

Travis Carter Co.

Geo. F. Meyer
Drug Store

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To You**

To call for the purpose of seeing some of the finest READY-FOR-SERVICE Suits for Spring that the Tailors Art can produce.

Exclusive styles, handsome fabrics and artistic tailoring. Garments that will place the stamp of "Good Dresser" on the man inside. Clothes you'll like to wear.

\$10, \$15, \$18 up to \$28.

The Correct Shapes of Spring Hats. Everything That's New in Haberdashery.

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A few dollars invested today may save you thousands tomorrow.
E. W. BLISH, Room No. 11 Postal Building

WILL PRESERVE ORDER IN COURT

Extraordinary Precautions to Be Taken at Terre Haute.

ALL PERSONS TO BE SEARCHED

When the Trial of Mayor Roberts Begins Next Week All Who Enter the Courtroom Will Be Searched For Possible Firearms and Dogs Will Be Locked During the Progress of the Trial.

Terre Haute, Ind., March 12.—That ample protection will be given the court, attorneys, witnesses and jurymen when the trial of Mayor Donn M. Roberts is called next Monday is assured by Sheriff Dennis Shea, who is making arrangements against any possible outbreak in court.

Deputy sheriffs will be stationed at every entrance to the courtroom and every person who enters will be searched. Anybody found with weapons concealed on them will be arrested at once.

After court convenes all doors will be locked and no one will be allowed to leave until a recess is taken or adjournment is announced. Plans for the safeguarding of the court and the court officials by Sheriff Shea are being made with a view to removing the least possibility of trouble.

Sheriff Shea believes he can take care of the situation in accordance with his promise to Governor Ralston, when the latter declined to authorize the use of state militia in Terre Haute to protect Judges Fortune and Blankenbaker and Special Prosecutor Roach.

Maxwell Carson Hamill, senior member of the law firm of Hamill, Hickey & Evans, says that his firm has withdrawn from the defense of Mayor Roberts. It also is announced that Lewis Leveque and Albert J. Kelley likewise have severed their legal association with the mayor. Eph Inman of Indianapolis was in conference with Mayor Roberts and before he returned to Indianapolis announced that he had been retained as chief counsel for the defense.

THE CONDITIONS OF LABOR

Working Women's Status in Indiana Is Being Investigated.

Indianapolis, March 12.—The force of deputies from the bureau of statistics at Washington, which is now assisting the Indiana commission on working women in investigating the hours and conditions of labor of women in this state, will be augmented within a short time by a number of representatives of the public health commission of the United States, who will make a study of the sanitary conditions of Indiana factories and business houses where women are employed.

The deputies have been conducting their investigations over the state for the last two months. Their work has consisted mostly in learning the story of the woman employees. This information will be considered by the commission in connection with the schedules prepared by the commission and sent to the employers of female labor to be filled out.

The schedules are designed to develop comprehensive information regarding the working hours and conditions of women. They were sent out about the first of the year, and the response has been ready, indicating, the commission says, a spirit of co-operation among the employers.

Beginning May 1 a series of ten hearings will be held throughout the state, at which both employees and employers will be invited to testify. These hearings will be held at Hammond, South Bend, Fort Wayne, Peru, Lafayette, Richmond, New Albany, Evansville, Indianapolis, and Terre Haute. At the conclusion of its investigation the commission will make a report to the governor, submitting recommendations that will be incorporated in a bill and introduced in the legislature to regulate the conditions of labor of women.

A THOUSAND DELEGATES EXPECTED.

South Bend, Ind., March 12.—The annual meeting of the North Indiana conference of the Methodist Episcopal church will be held in Mishawaka, March 29 to April 5. One thousand delegates are to have part in the convention. Among the distinguished persons in attendance will be Bishop W. F. McDowell of Chicago, Bishop Theodore S. Henderson of Chattanooga, and Bishop W. F. Oldham of New York.

LABOR SAFETY DEVICES

New Bureau Created to Push Good Work Along.

Washington, March 12.—A bill creating a bureau of labor safety in the labor department was passed by the house by a unanimous vote. The head of the new bureau will be known as the commissioner of labor safety. His will be a presidential appointment and the salary was fixed at \$5,000. The bill carries a provision for the institution of a museum of labor safety devices, so that opportunity for the study of modern methods of preventing industrial disasters may be ready at hand at all times.

HENRY SIEGEL

Merchant and Bank Head Is Indicted on Serious Charges.



Photo by American Press Association.

ENFORCE ORDINANCES TO THE VERY LETTER

Aftermath of Muncie's Recent Option Election.

Muncie, Ind., March 12.—The beginning of a blue law regime has been begun in Muncie, it is believed, on order of Mayor Rollin H. Bunch and the board of police commissioners, who in specific instructions to the police, demanded that all known violations of laws be met with immediate arrests, and that officers are to recognize neither friend or foe in carrying out the order. Special attention is directed to the saloons, drug stores, "blind tigers" and cigar stores. Any violation of the liquor laws, however technical, is to mean an arrest, if it is discovered. All card games and punch boards in cigar stores, as well as other games of chance, must cease. Playing for checks good in trade "on the house" will not be permitted.

If these orders are enforced a large number of cigar stores may have to go out of business because card games form their principal source of income.

The orders came as a result of the option election Monday, when Muncie voted "dry." Mayor Bunch and the administration faction of the Democratic party were "wet" and worked hard to retain the saloons.

"People seem to want the laws literally enforced and we're going to see that they get what they want," said Mayor Bunch.

APPARENTLY NOT A JOKE.

South Bend, Ind., March 12.—"You will never see me again. I have paid debts. Good-bye." This is the farewell Anthony Pillar left for his friends here three weeks ago. He has not been seen since. His relatives, who at first thought the note a joke, now believe Pillar has taken his life.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices For Grain and Livestock.

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock. Wheat—Wagon, 93c; No. 2 red, 98½c. Corn—No. 3, 63¾c. Oats—No. 2 white, 4½c. Hay—Baled, \$15.50 @ 17.50; timothy, \$16.00 @ 18.00; mixed, \$15.50 @ 16.50. Cattle—\$3.00 @ 9.00. Hogs—\$7.00 @ 8.85. Sheep—\$3.50 @ 6.00. Lambs—\$5.00 @ 7.75. Receipts—Cattle, 900; hogs, 5,500; sheep, 200.

AT CINCINNATI.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 99½c. Corn—No. 2, 69c. Oats—No. 2, 42c. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 8.15. Hogs—\$6.00 @ 9.95. Sheep—\$3.00 @ 7.50. Lambs—\$6.00 @ 8.10.

AT CHICAGO.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 95½c. Corn—No. 2, 66c. Oats—No. 2, 49¾c. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 8.15. Steers, \$5.00 @ 9.70; stockers and feeders, \$5.00 @ 8.15. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 8.75. Sheep—\$4.00 @ 6.15. Lambs—\$6.85 @ 7.75.

AT ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 95½c. Corn—No. 2, 68c. Oats—No. 2, 41½c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00 @ 9.25. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 8.85. Sheep—\$5.00 @ 6.00. Lambs—\$7.00 @ 8.00.

AT EAST BUFFALO.

Cattle—\$3.75 @ 9.15. Hogs—\$6.00 @ 9.10. Sheep—\$2.50 @ 6.50. Lambs—\$6.50 @ 8.40.

SAND-CLAY FOR ROADMAKING

Valuable For Improving Earth Highways.

BUREAU TEACHES FARMERS.

The Office of Public Roads Calls the Attention of Rural Communities to the Value of Natural Sand-Clay In Improving Earth Roads—Methods of Betterment Advocated.

In view of the fact that a great majority of the roads of this country are of the ordinary earth type, it is important for the farmer to understand the best method of improving such roads.

The office of public roads advises the communities to have an engineer go over the old earth highways, or, in lieu of an engineer, that the farmers themselves should see to it that the roads are so graded that the ditches or gutters are parallel with the center line of the road. Gutters must have a uniform grade and be of sufficient capacity to keep the surface well drained. Drainage is the most important feature of an earth road.

Every farmer who lives in a section where both sand and clay are prevalent travels occasionally over some particular spot in the road which is always good and rarely requires attention from the road hands. Good drainage may be responsible for this condition, or it may be found on investigation that there is a good natural mixture of sand and clay forming the wearing surface. If this strip of road is always good there is no reason why a surface of similar material on the entire road should not produce like results.

Analysis of the best natural sand-clay mixtures will show that the sand forms about 70 per cent of the whole. The test is simple. Weigh into an ordinary medicine glass two ounces of the dried mixture and wash out the clay. Dry the remaining sand and weigh again. The loss in weight will represent the amount of clay originally contained in the mass.

The theory of the sand-clay mixture as a road building material is that the



A SAND-CLAY ROAD.

clay fills the voids between the grains of sand, firmly binding them together. After the material is found the process of building the road is simple. Before placing any sand-clay on the road the road should be graded to the desired width. Most engineers prefer to have a width for the road of about twenty feet, exclusive of side ditches, which are each usually about three feet wide. Sand-clay is cheap, and it is best that sixteen feet of the graded width (twenty feet) be surfaced. This will leave a two or three foot shoulder on either side. The surface of the graded road should be flat or slightly convex. The sand-clay should be put on from eight to twelve inches in thickness, depending on the character of the subgrade or foundation. Where you have a hard clay for foundation eight inches of sand-clay will suffice. If the foundation is sand it is well to put on as much as twelve inches of the surfacing material. After a few hundred feet of surfacing material has been placed a grading machine should be run over it to smooth and crown the road before the top becomes too hard.

After the machine work it is well to follow with a split log drag, which smooths any rough places left by the machine and leaves the road with a smooth, even surface. It must be borne in mind that a sand-clay road, unlike other roads, cannot be finished in a short space of time. It can, of course, be left in an apparently finished condition with a hard, smooth surface, but it will be found on close examination that the hard surface is in reality only a crust, underneath which are several inches of raw material. After the first hard rain the crust softens, the road gets bad and the work appears to be a failure. This, however, is just what is needed to make it eventually good. After the road has dried until in a plastic state it should be dragged until the surface is once more smooth, with the proper crown, and should be kept this way by dragging at least once a day until the sun has baked it hard and firm. The mistake of keeping traffic off during this process of resetting should not be made. The continuous tamping of the wheels of the wagons and hoofs of horses is needed to pack the sand-clay into a homogeneous mass.

FOUR YOUNG MEN FACE GALLOWS IN MISSOURI

Accused of Atrocious Assault On a Nurse.

Kansas City, Mo., March 12.—A heavy guard of police was necessary to convoy from police headquarters to the county prosecutor's office four young men identified by Miss Gertrude Shidler, a trained nurse, as members of a band of six who had lured her to a room and brutally assaulted her. A crowd of several hundred had gathered about police headquarters and threatened to lynch the men.

Miss Shidler declared she had been enticed to a room in a resort by a story that a doctor in the building had a case for her. After suffering the most revolting indignities at the hands of the six men she said she made her way to a roof of an adjoining building whence a policeman rescued her.

The four men under arrest, Victor Guerlinger, one of the owners of the resort; L. V. Brennan, an insurance agent; T. L. Knevan, a solicitor, and Oscar Morrison, a plumber's helper, were charged with a statutory offense punishable in Missouri by death on the gallows.

IT WAS A POLICEMAN'S WIFE.

London, March 12.—It is stated that the suffragette who slashed the Velasquez masterpiece, the Rokey Venus, in the National gallery, is not May Richardson, the well-known militant, as cabled, but is the wife of a London policeman. Her name has not been made public.

SENATE IS TAKING UP CAPTAIN POTTS' CASE

Action of Naval Plucking Board In Question.

Washington, March 12.—Before the senate committee on naval affairs, Captain Tempkin Potts of the navy, who was retired recently by the plucking board, was given a hearing in support of a bill which was introduced by Senator Chilton of West Virginia, providing for Captain Potts' appointment as a rear admiral. Captain Potts was ranking captain a year ago when he passed an examination for promotion but before he was advanced the plucking board ordered him on the retired list.

In addition to Captain Potts, there were a number of representatives of the navy department and the service present, who gave testimony. Rear Admiral Blue, chief of the bureau of navigation, was asking for the department told the committee that the examining board which passed Captain Potts for promotion either ignored or disregarded instructions as to the requirements for sea service.

Rear Admiral Blue made a defense of the plucking board. He declared that it was justified as an instrument of the navy department which was trying to reform the service by requiring that promotion should not be made for political or social reasons but in consideration of qualifications and with special reference to the service. He closed with the suggestion that the passage of the Chilton bill would set a bad precedent.

"A FAILURE AND A FOOL" Is It Thus Self-Deprecatory Suicide Characterizes Himself.

Terre Haute, Ind., March 12.—Do you what you wish with my body. I have no desire to cause any of my relatives any trouble or expense. I have always been unfortunate, failure and a fool, all on account of religious training in my childhood days. I have no fear of death. I am very drunk while writing.

This note, signed "H. C. Clark, Omaha, Neb." found beside his body in a room here, explained the suicide of a man who rented the room several days ago under the name of H. T. Yonker. He had shot himself.

An AVIATOR'S COLD TRIP.

London, March 11.—Lieutenant Briggs, a naval aviator, ascended to a height of 15,000 feet at East Church, and suffered intensely from the cold. The oil in his motor was frozen and he was compelled to make a hasty descent. When he landed his face was frozen and his eyes were blackened.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p.m. yesterday follow:

Temp. Weather.
New York.... 30 Pt. Cloudy
Boston..... 32 Cloudy
Denver..... 20 Clear
San Francisco. 50 Clear
St. Paul..... 18 Clear
Chicago..... 30 Clear
Indianapolis.... 29 Clear
St. Louis..... 30 Clear
New Orleans... 56 Cloudy
Washington... 28 Cloudy

Fair, rising temperature.

5 Women Avoid Operations

For years we have been stating in the newspapers of the country that a great many women have escaped serious operations by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it is true.

We are permitted to publish in this announcement extracts from the letters of five women. All have been recently received unsolicited. Could any evidence be more convincing?

1. HODGDON, ME.—"I had pains in both sides and such a soreness which I could scarcely straighten up at times. My back ached and I was so nervous I could not sleep, and I thought I never would be any better until I submitted to an operation, but I commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I soon felt like a new woman."—Mrs. HAYDON SOWERS, Hodgdon, Me.

2. CHARLOTTE, N. C.—"I was in bad health for two years, with pains in both sides and was very nervous. I had a growth which the doctor said was a tumor, and I never would get well unless I had an operation. A friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I gladly say that I am now enjoying fine health."—Mrs. ROSA SIMS, 16 Winona St., Charlotte, N. C.

3. HANOVER, PA.—"The doctor advised a severe operation, but my husband got me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I experienced great relief in a short time. Now I feel like a new person and can do a hard day's work and not mind it."—Mrs. ADA WILT, 196 Stock St., Hanover, Pa.

4. DECATUR, ILL.—"I was sick in bed and three of the best physicians said I would have to be taken to the hospital for an operation as I had something growing in my left side. I refused to submit to the operation and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—and it worked a miracle in my case, and I tell other women what it has done for me."—Mrs. LAURA A. GRISWOLD, 2300 Blk. East William Street, Decatur, Ill.

5. CLEVELAND, OHIO.—"I was very irregular and for several years my side pained me so that I expected to have to undergo an operation. Doctors said they knew of nothing that would help me. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I became regular and free from pain. I am thankful for such good medicine and will always give it the highest praise."—Mrs. C. H. GRIFFITH, 7305 Madison Av., Cleveland, O.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.



PLAN INSTITUTE FOR THE UNEMPLOYED OF PITTSBURG

SEYMORE MARKET.

Lodging and Boarding Quarters Will be Established for Those Who are Out of Work.

By United Press.

Pittsburg, March 12.—Preachers, bankers, educators and sociologists prominent in this city today are backing a movement to care for the "down-and-out" which will place this city on a par with its facilities to help the unfortunate with Chicago, Boston, St. Louis and other large cities.

The Hollow of Her Hand

By
GEORGE BARR
MCCUTCHEON
Author of "Graustark"
"Traction King," etc.

Illustrations by Ellsworth Young

Copyright, 1912 by George Barr McCutcheon

CHAPTER IV.

While the Mob Waited.

The next day but one, in the huge old-fashioned mansion of the Wrands in lower Fifth avenue, in the drawing-room directly beneath the chamber in which Challis was born, the impressive but grimly conventional funeral services were held.

Contrasting sharply with the somber, absolutely correct atmosphere of the gloomy interior was the exterior display of joyous curiosity that must have jarred severely on the high-bred sensibilities of the chief mourners, not to speak of the invited guests who had been obliged to pass between rows of gaping bystanders in order to reach the portals of the house of grief, and who must have reckoned with extreme distaste the cost of subsequent departure. A dozen raucous-voiced policemen were employed to keep back the hundreds that thronged the sidewalk and blocked the street. Curiosity was rampant. Ever since the moment that the body of Challis Wrands had been carried into the house of his father, a motley, varying crowd of people shifted restlessly in front of the mansion, filled with gruesome interest in the absolutely unseen, animated by the sly hope that something sensational might happen if they waited long enough.

Motor after motor, carriage after carriage, rolled up to the curb and emptied its sober-faced, self-conscious occupants in front of the door with the great black bow; with each arrival the crowd surged forward, and names were uttered in undertones, passing from lip to lip until every one in the street knew that Mr. So-and-So, Mrs. This-or-That, the What-Do-You-Call-ems and others of the city's most exclusive but most garishly advertised society leaders had entered the house of mourning.

It was a great show for the plebeian spectators. Much better than Miss So-and-So's wedding, said one woman who had attended the aforesaid ceremony as a unit in the well-dressed mob that almost wrecked the carriages in the desire to see the terrified bride. Better than a circus, said a man who held his little daughter above the heads of the crowd so that she might see the fine lady in a wild-beast fur. Swell funeral New York ever had, remarked another, excepting one 'way back when he was a kid.

At the corner below stood two patrol wagons, also waiting.

Inside the house sat the carefully selected guests, hushed and stiff and gratified. (Not because they were attending a funeral, but because the occasion served to separate them from the chaff; they were the elect.) It would be going too far to intimate that they were proud of themselves, but it is not stretching it very much to say that they counted noses with considerable satisfaction and were glad that they had not been left out. The real, high-water mark in New York society was established at this memorable function. As one after the other arrived and was ushered into the huge drawing-room, he or she was accorded a congratulatory look from those already assembled, a tribute returned with equal enthusiasm. Each one noted who else was there, and each one said to himself that at last they really had something all to themselves. It was truly a pleasure, a relief, to be able to do something without being pushed about by people who didn't belong but thought they did. They sat back—stiffly, of course—and in utter stillness confessed that there could be such a thing as the survival of the fittest. Yes, there wasn't a nose there that couldn't be counted with perfect serenity. It was a notable occasion.

Mrs. Wrands, the elder, had made out the list. She did not consult her daughter-in-law in the matter. It is true that Sara forestalled her in a way by sending word, through Leslie, that she would be pleased if Mrs. Wrands would issue invitations to as many of Challis' friends as she deemed advisable. As for herself, she had no wish in the matter; she would be satisfied with whatever arrangements the family cared to make.

It is not to be supposed, from the foregoing, that Mrs. Wrands, the elder, was not stricken to the heart by the lamentable death of her idol. He was her idol. He was her first-born, he was her love-born. He came to her in the days when she loved her husband without much thought of respecting him. She was beginning to regard him as something more than a lover when Leslie came, so it was different. When their daughter Vivian was born, she was plainly annoyed but wholly respectful. Mr. Wrands was no longer the lover; he was her lord and master. The head of the house of Wrands was a person to be looked up to, to be respected and admired by her, for he was a very great man, but he was dear to her only because he was the father of Challis, the first-born.

In the order of her nature, Challis therefore was her most dearly beloved, Vivian the least desired and last in her affections as well as in sequence.

Strangely enough, the three of them perfected a curiously significant record of conjugal endowments. Challis had always been the wild, wayward, unrestrained one, and by far the most lovable; Leslie, almost as good looking but with scarcely a noticeable trace of charm that made his brother attractive; Vivian, handsome, selfish and as cheerless as the wind that blows across the icebergs in the north. Challis had been born with a widely enveloping heart and an elastic conscience; Leslie with a brain and a soul and not much of a heart, as things go; Vivian with a soul alone, which belonged to God, after all, and not to her. Of course she had a heart, but it was only for the purpose of pumping blood to remote extremities, and had nothing whatever to do with anything so unutterably extraneous as love, charity or self-sacrifice.

As for Mr. Redmond Wrands, he was a very proper and dignified gentleman, and old for his years. It may be seen, or rather surmised, that if the house of Wrands had not been so admirably centered under its own vine and fig tree, it might have become divided against itself without much of an effort.

Mrs. Redmond Wrands was the vine and fig tree. And now they had brought her dearly beloved son home to her, murdered and—disgraced. If it had been either of the others, she could have said: "God's will be done." Instead, she cried out that God had turned against her.

Leslie had had the bad taste—or perhaps it was misfortune—to blurt out an agonized "I told you so" at a time when the family was sitting numb and hushed under the blight of the first horrid blow. He did not mean to be unfeeling. It was the truth bursting from his unhappy lips.

"I knew Chal would come to this—I knew it," he had said. His arm was about the quivering shoulders of his mother as he said it.

She looked up, a sob breaking in her throat. For a long time she looked into the face of her second son.

"How can you—how dare you say such a thing as that?" she cried agast.

He colored, and drew her closer to him.

"I—I didn't mean it," he faltered.

"You have always taken sides against him," began his mother.

"Please, mother," he cried miserably.

"You say this to me now," she went on. "You who are left to take his place in my affection—why, Leslie, I—I"

Vivian interposed. "Les is upset, mamma darling. You know he loved Challis as deeply as any of us loved him."

Afterwards the girl said to Leslie when they were quite alone: "She will never forgive you for that, Les. It was a beastly thing to say."

He bit his lip, which trembled.



He Did Not Mean to Be Unfeeling.

"She's never cared for me as she cared for Chal. I'm sorry if I've made it worse."

"See here, Leslie, was Chal so—so—"

"Yes. I meant what I said a while ago. It was sure to happen to him one time or another. Sara's had a lot to put up with."

"Sara! If she had been the right sort of a wife, this never would have happened."

"After all is said and done, Vivie, Sara's in a position to rub it in on us if she's of a mind to do so. She won't do it, of course, but—I wonder if she isn't gloating, just the same."

"Haven't we treated her as one of us?" demanded she, dabbing her handkerchief in her eyes. "Since the wedding, I mean. Haven't we been kind to her?"

The girl could not reply. She could only stare at the open door. A small, hatchet-faced man had come up from below and was nodding his head to Leslie Wrands—a man with short side whiskers, and a sepulchral look in his eyes. Then, having received a sign from Leslie, he tiptoed away.

Most instantly the voices of people singing softly came from some distant remote part of the house.

And then, a little later, the perfectly modulated voice of a man in prayer.

Back of her, Wrands; beside her, Wrands; beneath her, friends of the Wrands; outside, the rabble, those who would join with these black, raven-like specters in tearing her to pieces if they but knew!

The droning voice came up from below, each well-chosen word distinct and clear: tribute beautiful to the irreproachable character of the deceased. He stood at the front of the stairs and

faced the assembled listeners in the hall, the drawing room and the entrance, but his infinitely touching words went up one flight and lodged.

Sara Wrands sat a little to the left of and behind Mrs. Redmond Wrands, about whom were grouped the three remaining Wrands: father, son and daughter, closely drawn together. Well to the fore were Wrands uncles and cousins and aunts, and one or two carefully chosen blood relations to the mistress of the house, whose hand had long been set against kinsmen of less exalted promise.

Beside Sara Wrands, on the small pink divan, sat a stranger in this somber company: a young woman in black, whose pale face was uncovered, and whose lashes were lifted so rarely that one could not know of the deep, real pain that lay behind them, in her Irish blue eyes.

She had arrived at the house at hour or two before the time set for the ceremony, in company with the widow. True to her resolution, the widow of Challis Wrands had remained away from the home of his people until the last hour. She had been consulted, to be sure, in regard to the final arrangements, but the meetings had taken place in her own apartment, many blocks distant from the house in lower Fifth avenue. The afternoon before she had received Redmond Wrands and Leslie, his son. She had not sent for them. They came perfumingly and not through any sense of obligation. These two at least knew that sympathy was not what she wanted, but peace. Twice during the two trying days, Leslie had come to see her. Vivian telephoned.

On the occasion of his first visit,

Leslie had met the guest in the house.

The second time he called, he made it a point to ask Sara all about her.

It was he who gently closed the door after the two women when, on the morning of the funeral, they entered the dark, flower-lined room in which stood the casket containing the body of his brother. He left them alone together in that room for half an hour or more, and it was he who must convince me that you are not a coward now. It is the only test I shall put you to. Come; I know it is hard, I know it is terrible, but it is the true test of your ability to go through with it to the end. I shall know then that you have the courage to face anything that may come up."

She waited a long time, her hand on the girl's shoulder. At last Hetty arose.

"You are right," she said hoarsely. "I should not be afraid."

Later on they sat over against the wall beyond the casket, into which they had peered with widely varying emotions. Sara had said:

"You know that I loved him."

The girl put her hands to her eyes and bowed her head.

"Oh, how can you be so merciful to me?"

"Because he was not," said Sara, white-lipped. Hetty glanced at the

girl, curiously fascinated by the set, emotionless features, and yet without a conscious interest in her. He was duly sensible to the fact that she was beautiful, uncommonly beautiful. It did not occur to him to feel that she was out of place among them, that she belonged down stairs. Somehow she was a part of the surroundings, like the specter at the feast.

If he could have witnessed all that transpired while Sara was in the room below with her guest—her companion, as he had come to regard her without having in fact been told as much—he would have been lost in a maze of the most overwhelming emotions.

To go back: The door had barely closed behind the two women when Hetty's trembling knees gave way beneath her. With a low moan of horror, she slipped to the floor, covering her face with her hands.

Sara knelt beside her.

"Come," she said gently, but firmly: "I must exact this much of you. If we are to go on together, as we have planned, you must stand beside me at my bier. Together we must look upon him for the last time. You must see him as I saw him up there in the country. I had my cruel blow that night. It is your turn now. I will not blame you for what you did. But if you expect me to go on believing that you did a brave thing that night, you must convince me that you are not a coward now. It is the only test I shall put you to. Come; I know it is hard, I know it is terrible, but it is the true test of your ability to go through with it to the end. I shall know then that you have the courage to face anything that may come up."

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Charming Innovations in Chic Suits



Real charm has been given the tailored suits this year.

All the severe, straight lines of the tailor-made have been brought into graceful curves, lines of drapery, and here and there a hint of shirring.

Bischoff has idealized these mandates of Dame Fashion in the suits that are now on display at our store. Each is a picture in itself!

Fashion has introduced many new colors—it's surprising how much less trying they are than in previous years.

Lovely shades of Geranium, Apricot, Fox Glove and Oriole, dainty tints of Sevres Blue, of Peridot and Euca-lyptus Green will delight your eye.

Miracle-workers have been at the fabric looms, we are sure, so novel and decidedly lovely are the materials Bischoff has used in his productions.

Don't be content to read about these models that are delighting more and more women every day. Let us show them to you today—have the best of the new things for your wardrobe.

THE FIRST GLIMPSE of SPRING MILLINERY STYLES is now to be had in our Millinery Department.

ONE WHOLE FLOOR DEVOTED TO LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR AND MILLINERY.

FOLD MINE DEPARTMENT STORE
SEYMORE, INDIANA

SECOND FLOOR.

Elevator Service Prompt and Safe

PUBLIC SALE of Horses and Mules

We will sell at public auction at Hopewell's Sale Barn, West Tipton Street, Seymour, Ind., beginning at 10:00 a.m. on

SATURDAY, MARCH 14

30 Mules—Three year olds, mostly all mares, from 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 16 hands high. These mules are in good flesh and hair, heavy bone, and as good a bunch as was ever in Jackson county.

20 Mules—Weighing from 1,000 to 1,200 pounds each. All-fat and in good hair. These mules are from four to eight years old. Many of these are mares.

30 Horses and Mares—Consisting of heavy drafts, farm chunks and road horses. These horses and mares are in good flesh and in first-class condition.

TERMS OF SALE WILL BE MADE KNOWN ON DAY OF SALE.

HOPEWELL & SONS

SEYMORE, INDIANA.

J. L. Thompson and J. P. Ahl, Auctioneers.

COMMITTEE URGES
AN EARLY HEARING

(Continued from first page)

said City of Seymour for each fire hydrant by said Water Company is excessive, unlawful and unreasonable and should be reduced.

Six: That said Water Company unlawfully, unreasonably and without authority refuses to make a reasonable extension of its water mains in said City in order to serve the public's demands, needs and requirements unless it is ordered to do so by the Common Council of said City and fire hydrant rental paid by said City for every 350 feet of main on such extension.

Seven: Petitioners further aver that the franchise of said Water Company does not specify a rate or charge for some classes of service, meters be installed at the expense of

uses and supplies of water and for such services, uses and supplies of water the said Company arbitrarily exacts an excessive, illegal and unreasonable rate and charge, which rate and charge is excessive and should be reduced and fixed by the Public Service Commission.

Eight: That the Company requires consumers to keep the service from a street main to the property line in repair, which requirement is unjust and the cost of keeping such service in repair should be paid by the said Company.

Nine: Petitioners aver that all the rules, regulations and rates of the said Water Company are unreasonable, unjust, exorbitant and discriminatory and should be changed.

Ten: Petitioners demand that

the said Water Company is a public utility organized under and transacting business by virtue of the laws of the State of Indiana and is engaged in the business of producing, transmitting and delivering heat, light and power by gas and electricity to the residents of Seymour.

The other paragraphs are given below in full and allegé.

Three: Petitioners aver that they

are informed and believe that the electric light and power service furnished to the City of Seymour and to its patrons in said city is inferior; that the meters furnished and provided by said company for its patrons for the measurement of electricity consumed register incorrectly and usually in favor of said Company. That the City of Seymour and other patrons of said Company in Seymour, who use the electricity provided and furnished by said Company are required to pay and do pay unreasonable and excessive prices for the same.

Four: Petitioners further show that they are informed and believe that the gas manufactured and furnished by said Company for heat and light is adulterated and of a poor and inferior quality; that the system of distribution used is crude and the pressure insufficient; that the meters furnished and provided by said Company for the measurement of gas consumed register incorrectly, and usually in favor of said Company; that the consumers of gas furnished by said Company are required to pay and do pay said Company unreasonable and excessive prices for the same.

Five: That the said Interstate Public Service Company unlawfully and unreasonably discriminates in favor of certain of its patrons in said City of Seymour, not granting to all users of light, heat and power like rates for like service.

Six: That the minimum charge established for gas and electric meters is unreasonable and excessive and should be reduced.

Seven: That said Company unlawfully, unreasonably and without authority refuses to make reasonable extensions of its gas mains in said City of Seymour in order to serve the public demands, needs and requirements.

Eight: That said Company have failed to install and maintain duplicate apparatus so as to provide reasonable security against interruption of service as their contract with the City requires.

Nine: That said Company fails and neglects to maintain street lamps in complete and efficient operation as provided by its franchise.

Ten: That said Company have failed to install and maintain duplicate apparatus so as to provide reasonable security against interruption of service as their contract with the City requires.

Eleven: The petitioners further aver that the public service and facilities and equipment of said Water Company is inadequate for fire protection and for the health, comfort and safety of said City and its inhabitants. That said Water Company does not and cannot comply with its franchise and contract with said City and its inhabitants. That said Water Company does not and cannot comply with its franchise and contract with said City with the machinery, appliances and equipment of said utility; that the machinery, appliances and equipment of said utility for the pumping and delivery of water are unfit and of insufficient carrying capacity to furnish a sufficient supply of water when most needed; that the ability of its engines to throw water to extinguish fire is not nearly that required by the ordinance granting a franchise to the said Water Company, and will not give an average pressure to extinguish fire of more than 70 pounds to the square inch at the hydrants in most parts of said city.

Twelve: That the petitioners are informed and believe that the filter of said Water Company is insufficient in size, kind and condition to furnish said City and inhabitants with pure and wholesome water for municipal and domestic uses; that the capacity of said filter for proper filtration is not nearly sufficient to supply the demands for water in said City when proper filtration is most necessary.

Thirteen: After summing up the above demands the petitioners further ask that the property of the said Water Company be valued as provided by law and for such other further order as the Commission may deem necessary and just in the premises.

Fourteen: Allegations of unfair and excessive rates were made in the complaint filed against the Interstate Public Service Company.

Fifteen: Paragraph one states that the City of Seymour is a municipal corporation and that the committee has been authorized by the council to file the petition.

Sixteen: Paragraph two avers that the Interstate Public Service Company is a public utility organized under and transacting business by virtue of the laws of the State of Indiana and is engaged in the business of producing, transmitting and delivering heat, light and power by gas and electricity to the residents of Seymour.

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